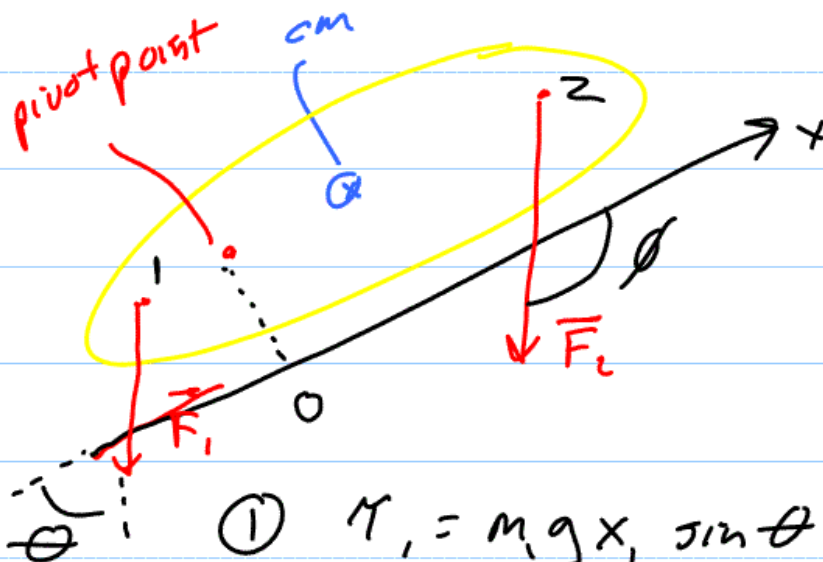


Class 13.- October 26/05

Gravitational Torque

Text: horizontal object
Extend to non-horizontal



$$\textcircled{1} \tau_1 = m_1 g x_1 \sin \theta \times -1$$

$$\textcircled{2} \tau_2 = -m_2 g x_2 \sin \phi$$

$$\sin \theta = \sin \phi$$

$$\tau_i = -m_i x_i g \sin \theta$$

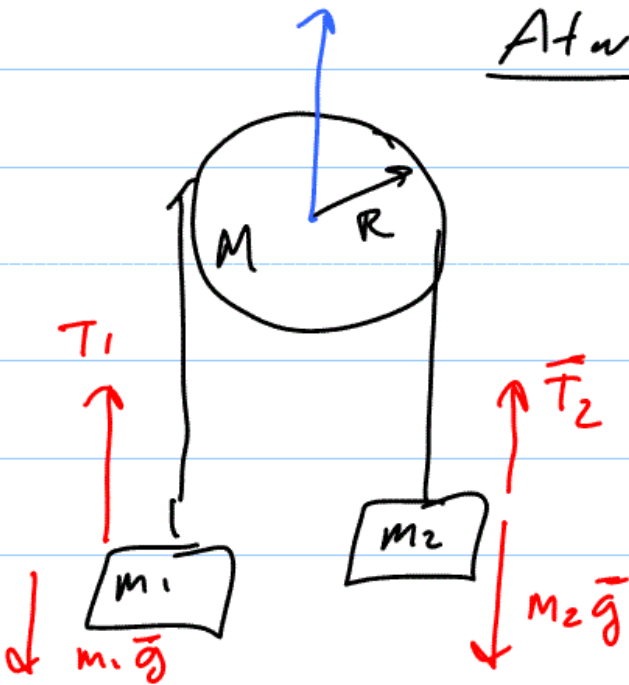
$$\tau_{\text{tot}} = -\left(\sum_i m_i x_i\right) g \sin \theta$$

$$M x_{\text{cm}} = \sum_i m_i x_i$$

$$\tau_{\text{tot}} = -M g x_{\text{cm}} \sin \theta$$

§ 13.5 - Rotation Fixed Axis

Atwood Machine



$$m_2 > m_1$$

string massless

string does not stretch

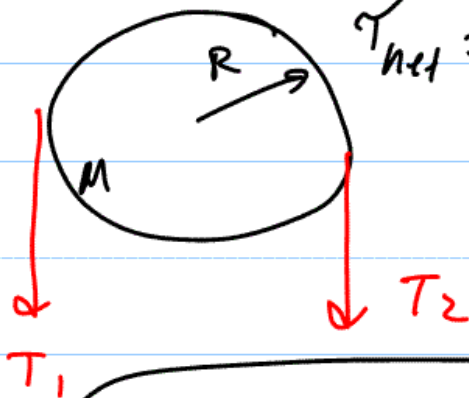
$$\underline{M = 0} \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} m_2 g - T_2 = m_2 a_2 \\ T_1 - m_1 g = m_1 a_1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$a_2 = a_1 \equiv a$$

$$T_1 = T_2$$

$$a = \frac{(m_2 - m_1)g}{(m_2 + m_1)}, \quad \text{down } m_2$$

$$\underline{M \neq 0}$$



$$\tau_{\text{net}} = T_1 R - T_2 R = I \alpha$$

$$I = c M R^2$$

$$a = -R \alpha$$

$$a = \frac{(m_2 - m_1)g}{(m_2 + m_1 + cM)}, \quad \text{down } m_2$$

§13.6- Equilibrium

Before! $\vec{F}_{\text{net}} = 0$

Add! $\tau_{\text{net}} = 0$

Rotating! eval τ_{net} about pivot

Not rotating: eval T_{net} about
any point

Forces on Leg

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} F = 1.6 \text{ W} \\ R = 2.4 \text{ W} \\ \theta = 13^\circ \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \text{Stationary} \\ \sim \text{right} \\ \text{when} \\ \text{walking} \end{array}$$

$$F_{\text{cane}} \sim \frac{1}{6} W$$

Same Side' $N = \frac{5}{6} W$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} F = 1.3 W \\ R = 2.0 W \end{array} \right\}$$

Opposite Side $x \sim 6 \text{ cm}$

\vec{N} is applied shifted.
cm leg shifted by $\sim 3 \text{ cm}$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} F = 0.6 W \\ R = 1.3 W \end{array} \right]$$

§13.7. Rotational Energy

$$\text{trans. } K = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$\text{rot: } K_{\text{rot}} = \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2$$

$$\text{and translating } K_{\text{trans}} = \frac{1}{2} m v_{\text{cm}}^2$$

$$K_{\text{tot}} = K_{\text{rot}} + K_{\text{trans}}$$

$$U_S = M g y_{\text{cm}}$$



$$\vec{L} = I \vec{\omega}$$

$$\tau = I \alpha$$

$$F = m g$$

$$\vec{\tau} = \frac{d\vec{L}}{dt}$$

$$\vec{F} = \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt}$$